Success with CRS: Lessons from Class 2 Communities

Dennis Dixon, CFM – CRS Coordinator, Pierce County, WA Mitch Paine, CFM – CRS Coordinator, King County, WA

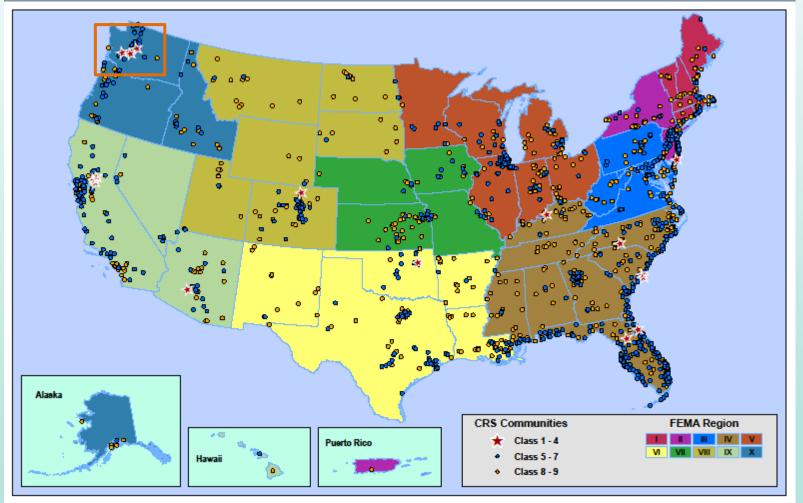






Washington success story



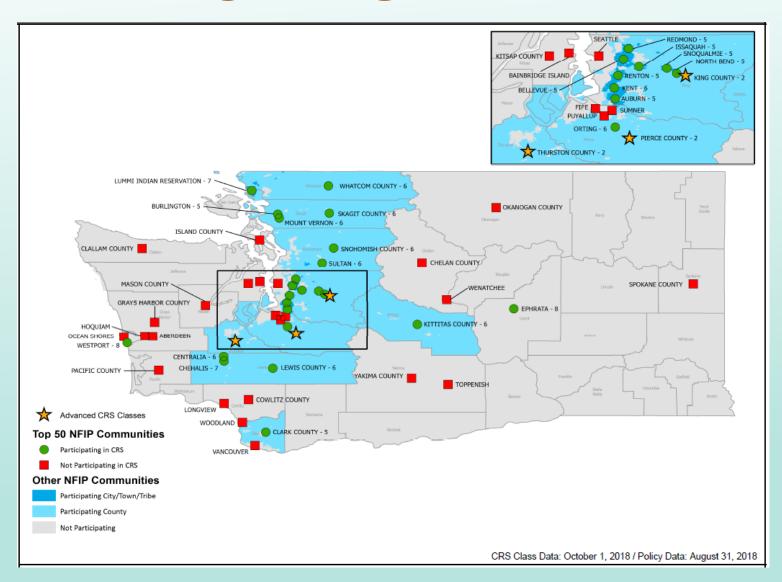






October 2018

Class 2 for Thurston, Pierce, and King Counties 4.9 class average for Puget Sound communities



Someone else did the heavy lifting

- 340 Hazard Disclosure
 - State disclosure requirements
- 420 Low Density Zoning
 - State growth management act
- 430 Higher Regulatory Standards
 - State floodway prohibitions
 - Endangered Species Act compliance -Biological Opinion for Puget Sound
 - Compensatory storage
 - State adopted 2015 I-Codes with 1 foot freeboard
- 440 Flood Data Maintenance
 - State maintained GPS CORS network
- 450 Stormwater Management
 - State implemented Clean Water Act / NPDES Manual for Watershed master plans & SWM regulations
- 630 Dams
 - State Dam Safety credit

Adds up to over 1,100 points

Teammates



CRS Users Groups

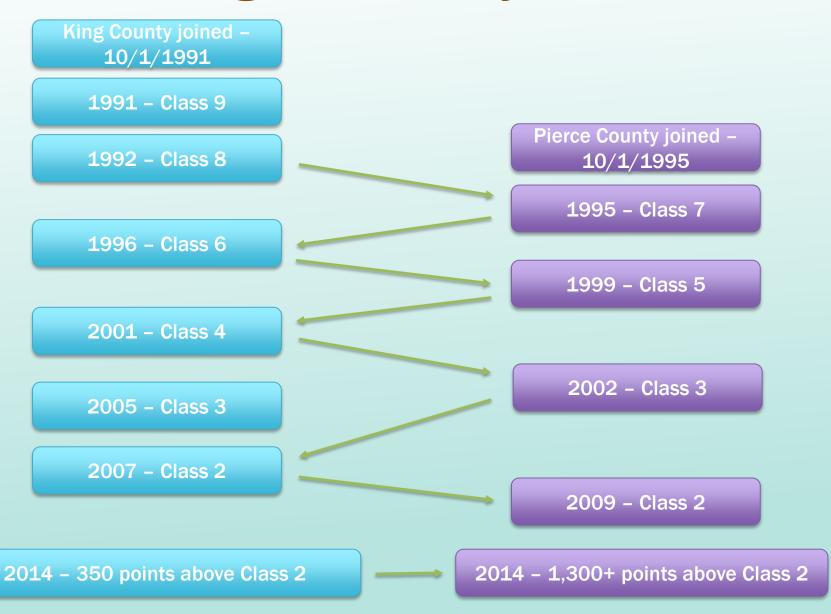
Northwest Regional Floodplain Management Association CRS Users Group

- Hosted by Dennis Dixon, quarterly call in/in-person meeting in Tacoma
- Training presentations and discussion on communities' programs

King County CRS Users Group

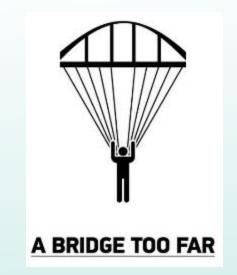
- Hosted by Mitch Paine, quarterly in-person meeting, rotates among CRS communities
- Training presentations
- Coordination on specific activities (330, 370, 510, 610, etc)
- Field trips

Pierce & King CRS History



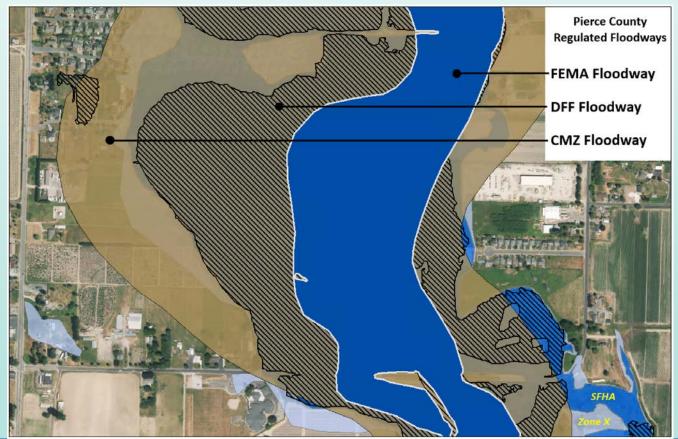
Class 1?

- Not likely; points are there, but prerequisites are difficult
- 370 Insurance requirements
- Must obtain credit for Levees 620
 and Dams 630
- Coastal floodplains regulations must reflect sea level rise
 - Puget Sound sea level rise predicted to be ~5 feet



Activities we're proud of:

- 430 Higher Regulatory Standards
 - Extended/additional floodway definitions
 - Erosion (CMZ) & Life Safety (DFF)



Activities we're proud of:

- 450 Stormwater Management
 - Washington compliant NPDES Manual
- 510 Floodplain Management Planning
 - Flood plans in addition to HMPs
- 520 Acquisition & 530 Flood Protection
 - King County has elevated nearly 80 homes since
 2000 including 45 repetitive loss properties
 - Pierce County has removed 398 floodplain homes including 35 of 61 repetitive loss properties

Lessons Learned

- Bring your CRS program in-house
- Coordinate and befriend your permitting staff
 - Since higher regulatory standards are so high, very few ECs are reviewed
 - Pierce County: 7 ECs in SFHA (2014-2018)
 - With 7,600 building permits during that same period
 - King County: 16 ECs in SFHA (2014-2018)
 - All ECs had CRS "gig" review issues

Lessons Learned

- Don't forget about prerequisites:
 - Repetitive loss
 - BCEGS (Class 6, Class 4)
 - Freeboard across all flood zones
 - Natural floodplain functions areas
 - Life safety (600 series) credits:
 - 610 points
 - 620 inventory/map of levees
 - 630 inventory/map of dams



Lessons Learned

- Maximize your impact adjustment ratio for 430
 - Pierce County: Maximum 1.5 less open space credit
 - King County: Maximum 1.1 less open space credit
- Outreach RL outreach
 - Meaningful AND CRS compliant
- Activity 540
 - Channel Debris Removal (CDR) easier for smaller communities

Why do we do CRS?

- Supports our vision of a resilient and sustainable community
- The organized data is used for many other purposes
- National recognition helps create goodwill and a track record that can influence grant awards
- Elected officials tout CRS

Why do we do CRS?

- Gives a deadline to do the things we want to do but otherwise might not get to:
 - emergency drills
 - outreach campaigns
 - consolidating emergency plans

Keeps permitting agencies focused on floodplain

management

 Helps us with the Corps and levee maintenance programs



